

THE « PIERRE LEVÉE » DOLMEN PATH

→ SITUATION : Sauliac-sur-Célé, 35 kms south-west of Figeac via the D19

→ START POINT : Car park outside the church

GPS Coordinates : N 44.516751° E 1.723959°

DURATION : 1 hr. 30 mins.

LENGTH : 4.1 kms

WAYMARKING : Yellow

Difficile



1 Leave the car park and take the track on the right which goes up between the church and the Mairie. Cross the road and continue going up the track opposite.

2 At the road, go left for 50m and take the path which goes uphill to the right for about 1 km. (cave, viewpoints).

2 At the fork, take the path on the right for 50m. Just before the track, turn right on to the path lined with stone walls and box bushes. After 350m, take the path

on the right to the Dolmen de Pierre Levée 50m further on. Retrace your steps to the fork (point 2), turn right and go 100m on a path passing between a barn and a «cazelle». Cross the track and take the path between the box bushes and stone

walls.

3 30m along on the right stands a group of dry stone huts. Return to point 3 and take the stony path going straight down towards the GR. Turn right and go through Old Sauliac (cliff, caves, barns, remains, Château de Géniez, viewpoints).

4 The track becomes a road and after 80m, you take the path on the right which goes down to the village.

“ Remarkable viewpoints overlooking the Célé valley and its ochre-coloured cliffs. ”

TO SEE IN THE AREA...

- Sauliac sur Célé : 15th C. Château de Géniez
- Cabrerets : 15th C. castle Pech Merle painted cave
- Marcihac sur Célé : Former Abbey church

→ FOOD SHOPS/
RESTAURANTS ETC
Sauliac sur Célé
Marcihac sur Célé

→ INFORMATION
Pays de Figeac
Tourist Office
05 65 34 06 25



ENDANGERED BATS

Assimilated to vampires in popular belief, accused of spreading rabies, bats have long suffered from the image of them as pests, and they are now an endangered species. As well as the disappearance of their hibernation and reproduction sites, they suffer from the use of pesticides since they feed on insects. To add to all this, the females only bear one single pup per year. In Natura 2000 areas like that of the lower Célé Valley, Europe and the State finance conservation efforts in favour of these little mammals : «chiroptères» (chiroptera is the scientific term for bats) are modifications to houses which allow the bats access to their attics, which have often been hermetically sealed when the roof has been modified.

